



# **EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT**

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EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT, NOVEMBER 1974

This bulletin contains particulars of the numbers of employed wage and salary earners (referred to in the tables as "employees"), job vacancies registered and unemployed persons.

Seasonally adjusted statistics appear in Tables 1, 3 and 7-10. The methods used in seasonally adjusting these statistics are explained in *Seasonally Adjusted Indicators*, 1974 (Reference No. 1.10).

Preliminary estimates of employees are published each month in *Employed Wage and Salary Earners : Preliminary Statement* (Reference No. 6.12).

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NOTE. See page 3, paragraphs 10-12, regarding the proposed adoption of new benchmarks and revision of estimates from July 1966.



## 1. EMPLOYED WAGE AND SALARY EARNERS

The figures in this section generally relate only to civilian wage and salary earners, not the total labour force: they therefore exclude employers, self-employed persons and unpaid helpers. Also excluded, because of the inadequacy of current data, are wage and salary earners in agriculture and private domestic service. For the sake of brevity, wage and salary earners are referred to in the tables as "employees". Defence forces are included in Table 1.

2. The estimates in Tables 1 to 6, except those relating to government employees and defence forces, are based on comprehensive data (referred to herein as "benchmarks") derived for the purpose from the population census of June 1966. Month-to-month changes shown by current data (see below) are linked to the benchmark data to derive the monthly estimates.

3. Although the series measure reasonably well the short-term trends in employment in the defined field, they may be less reliable for longer-term measurement. There are conceptual differences between benchmark and current data, and changes in such factors as labour turnover, multiple jobholding and part-time working all affect the trend over longer periods.

### Concepts and definitions

4. The concepts and definitions applicable to these estimates are those which were adopted at the 1966 population census and conform closely to the recommendations of the Eighth International Conference of Labour Statisticians. At the census the following questions were asked in respect of all persons fifteen years of age and over :

"Did the person have a job or business of any kind last week (even though he may have been temporarily absent from it)?"

"Did the person do any work at all last week for payment or profit?"

Provided he had not been temporarily laid off by his employer without pay for the whole of the week, a person who answered "yes" to either of these questions was classified as employed. Persons in this category who were stated to be "working for wages or salary", except members of the defence forces, persons employed in agriculture or private domestic service, and crews of overseas ships, have been included in the benchmarks for the current series.

5. Current data supplied by reporting enterprises or establishments generally refer to persons on the payroll for the last pay-period in each month. Persons who are on paid leave or who work during part of the pay-period and are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are generally counted as employed. Those not shown on employers' payrolls because they are on leave without pay, on strike or stood down for the entire period are excluded.

6. Government employees comprise not only administrative employees, but also all other employees of government bodies (Australian, State, local and semi-government) on services such as railways, road transport, banks, post office, air transport, education (including universities), broadcasting, radio and T.V., police, public works, factories, departmental hospitals and institutions, etc.

### Current data

7. The data needed to derive the estimates for periods subsequent to the benchmark date (June 1966) are obtained from three main sources, namely, (a) current payroll tax returns; (b) current returns from government bodies; and (c) some other current returns of employment (e.g. for hospitals); the balance, i.e. unrecorded private employment, is estimated. At June 1966 recorded employment obtained from the foregoing sources accounted for about 85 per cent of the total number of employees in the industries covered, as determined by the census. Since then the percentage covered by direct collections has increased, and at June 1974 was estimated to be about 90%.

8. Payroll tax returns are lodged at present by all employers paying more than \$400 a week in wages (other than certain Australian Government bodies, religious and benevolent institutions, public hospitals and other similar organisations specifically exempted under the Australian and State Pay-roll Tax Acts, 1971-1974).

### Industry

9. The industry classification used throughout the series is that of the population census of June 1966. The estimated monthly changes are derived mainly from returns from employers relating to establishments or enterprises, but the June 1966 benchmark figures were derived from particulars recorded for individuals on population census schedules. The latter do not in all cases provide precise information to allow accurate coding of industry. Industry dissections of the census totals of wage and salary earners were therefore adjusted to be consistent as far as possible with industry coding at the establishment level. For this reason, and because crews of overseas ships were excluded from the benchmark figures, the estimates for June 1966 differ from those published in census bulletins which show particulars of the occupational status and industry of the population, and in other publications which contain population census results.



### Adoption of new benchmarks and revision of current estimates

10. As results from each successive population census become available it is customary to derive from them new benchmarks for the monthly employment series, and to revise the published estimates for all periods subsequent to the date of the previous census. Indications are that if 1971 census totals were to be used as benchmarks for the employment series, the level of the monthly estimates would have to be significantly reduced. However, evidence from census post-enumeration surveys indicates that the filling in of census questionnaires by householders tends to identify a smaller number of persons as being in the labour force than do other methods of measurement (e.g. household surveys conducted by personal interview), and that components of the total labour force, such as employed wage and salary earners, tend to be affected in the same way. This tendency may have increased between the 1966 and 1971 censuses.

11. Comparison between census results and the monthly estimates of employed wage and salary earners is affected not only by the discrepancy referred to above but also by the accumulation of errors in the intercensal employment estimates and differences in the methods of industry classification. The Australian Standard Industrial Classification was adopted in coding the industry of employees covered by the 1971 population census, whereas in the monthly estimates the 1966 census classification is still used. (See paragraph 9 above.)

12. It is intended that new June 1971 benchmarks for the employment series will be established, by the use of census and other relevant data, and the current series from July 1966 will be revised. The revision is expected to reduce the level of the current estimates. In the meantime the monthly estimates will continue to be published on the present basis, since they are regarded as sufficiently accurate for the measurement of short-term movements. However, caution should be exercised if they are used as indicators of longer-term change.

### Estimates for earlier periods

13. Detailed industry figures for each State and Australia and the government employment series for the period June 1966 to June 1971 were published in two special bulletins (Reference No. 6.23) issued on 24 April 1970, and 11 January 1972.

14. In due course the estimates for periods prior to June 1966 will be revised, but on a basis comparable with that of the 1961 census benchmarks, the information needed to revise these benchmarks on the 1966 census basis not being available.

### Discontinuity of series

15. Estimates for the period June 1966 to date are not comparable with those for earlier periods, because of (a) the adoption of a new definition of the labour force in the 1966 population census, from which the benchmarks for the current series were derived and (b) the inclusion of full-blood Aborigines. The new definition resulted in the inclusion of a considerable number of part-time employees (mostly females) who had previously been excluded.

NOTE. 1. Any discrepancies between totals and sums of components in tables are due to rounding.

2. The following symbols mean :

..	Nil or less than 50 persons or not applicable.
r	Figure or series revised since previous issue.
—	Break in continuity of series (where drawn across a column between two consecutive figures).
†	Affected by industrial disputes.



**TABLE 1. — CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES AND DEFENCE FORCES : AUSTRALIA**  
(Excluding agriculture and private domestic service)  
(<sup>0</sup>000)

Month	Civilian employees						Defence forces (a)			Total		
	Males		Females		Persons		Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
	Orig.	Seas. adj. (b)	Orig.	Seas. adj. (b)	Orig.	Seas. adj. (b)						
1972 —												
November	2,995.3	2,992.7	1,576.7	1,566.5	4,572.0	4,559.2	78.5	3.0	81.5	3,073.8	1,579.7	4,653.5
1973 —												
November	3,075.5	3,072.5	1,701.5	1,690.4	4,777.0	4,763.1	67.9	3.0	70.9	3,143.4	1,704.5	4,847.9
December	3,091.5	3,080.2	1,703.9	1,696.8	4,795.4	4,772.2	67.2	2.9	70.1	3,158.7	1,706.8	4,865.5
1974 —												
January	3,087.7	3,087.6	1,687.0	1,700.5	4,774.7	4,788.6	66.8	2.9	69.7	3,154.5	1,689.9	4,844.4
February	3,097.4	3,088.5	1,717.8	1,716.1	4,815.2	4,804.2	66.3	2.9	69.2	3,163.7	1,720.7	4,884.4
March	3,109.1	3,098.6	1,736.2	1,728.0	4,845.3	4,828.1	65.6	2.8	68.4	3,174.7	1,739.0	4,913.7
April	3,109.6	3,103.5	1,742.9	1,739.1	4,852.5	4,844.0	65.1	2.9	68.0	3,174.7	1,745.8	4,920.5
May	3,118.1	3,113.6	1,751.4	1,748.5	4,869.5	4,862.1	64.7	2.9	67.6	3,182.8	1,754.3	4,937.1
June	3,119.7	3,121.1	1,753.8	1,755.8	4,873.5	4,877.5	64.7	2.9	67.6	3,184.4	1,756.7	4,941.1
July	†3,106.5	†3,115.3	†1,747.4	†1,754.3	†4,853.9	†4,869.3	64.5	3.0	67.5	†3,171.0	†1,750.4	†4,921.4
August	†3,101.2	†3,111.4	†1,741.2	†1,749.1	†4,842.4	†4,861.2	64.4	3.0	67.4	†3,165.6	†1,744.2	†4,909.8
September	†3,098.0	†3,110.1	1,737.5	1,742.3	†4,835.5	†4,852.3	64.3	3.1	67.4	†3,162.3	1,740.6	†4,902.9
October	3,095.0	3,107.2	1,732.6	1,732.5	4,827.6	4,840.7	64.5	3.1	67.6	3,159.5	1,735.7	4,895.2
November	3,091.5	3,088.2	1,729.8	1,718.5	4,821.3	4,807.0	64.5	3.1	67.6	3,156.0	1,732.9	4,888.9

(a) Permanent defence forces in Australia and overseas. (b) The methods used in seasonally adjusting these statistics are explained in *Seasonally Adjusted Indicators*, 1974 (Reference No. 1.10).

**TABLE 2. — CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES : STATES AND TERRITORIES**  
(Excluding agriculture and private domestic service)  
(<sup>0</sup>000)

Month	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T. (a)	Australia
MALES									
1972 —									
November	1,111.1	832.4	402.9	273.1	223.7	89.1	20.7	42.5	2,995.3
1973 —									
November	1,133.2	848.6	420.5	281.4	233.0	91.2	21.2	46.4	3,075.5
1974 —									
May	1,143.3	856.5	430.9	286.7	238.0	93.0	22.2	47.5	3,118.1
June	1,142.2	857.0	432.9	287.2	237.7	92.5	22.5	47.7	3,119.7
July	†1,137.2	†852.9	†430.4	286.2	237.3	92.1	22.8	47.6	†3,106.5
August	†1,133.4	†850.6	†430.6	287.0	236.8	91.9	23.0	47.9	†3,101.2
September	1,131.2	†848.4	432.0	286.6	237.3	91.4	23.3	47.7	†3,098.0
October	1,128.8	850.2	429.7	285.7	237.7	91.4	23.3	48.0	3,095.0
November	1,125.9	850.5	425.7	286.0	239.3	91.9	23.4	48.7	3,091.5
FEMALES									
1972 —									
November	589.6	457.9	191.9	141.3	120.5	40.4	10.0	25.0	1,576.7
1973 —									
November	634.8	487.3	210.5	155.5	130.9	43.2	11.0	28.2	1,701.5
1974 —									
May	647.0	500.4	218.8	162.8	135.6	44.8	12.0	30.0	1,751.4
June	647.2	499.6	219.5	164.0	135.9	44.9	12.4	30.3	1,753.8
July	644.0	†497.1	†219.2	164.3	135.3	44.5	12.6	30.3	†1,747.4
August	641.4	†494.9	†218.5	164.1	134.8	44.4	12.8	30.4	†1,741.2
September	640.1	491.7	219.3	163.4	135.5	44.2	12.9	30.4	1,737.5
October	637.4	490.8	219.3	162.5	135.5	44.0	12.9	30.3	1,732.6
November	634.7	491.6	218.3	162.5	134.7	44.3	13.0	30.8	1,729.8
PERSONS									
1972 —									
November	1,700.7	1,290.3	594.8	414.4	344.2	129.5	30.7	67.5	4,572.0
1973 —									
November	1,768.0	1,335.9	631.0	436.9	363.9	134.4	32.2	74.6	4,777.0
1974 —									
May	1,790.3	1,356.9	649.7	449.5	373.6	137.8	34.2	77.5	4,869.5
June	1,789.4	1,356.6	652.4	451.2	373.6	137.4	34.9	78.0	4,873.5
July	†1,781.2	†1,350.0	†649.6	450.5	372.6	136.6	35.4	77.9	†4,853.9
August	†1,774.8	†1,345.5	†649.1	451.1	371.6	136.3	35.8	78.3	†4,842.4
September	1,771.3	†1,340.1	651.3	450.0	372.8	135.6	36.2	78.1	†4,835.5
October	1,766.2	1,341.0	649.0	448.2	373.2	135.4	36.2	78.3	4,827.6
November	1,760.6	1,342.1	644.0	448.5	374.0	136.2	36.4	79.5	4,821.3

(a) Includes persons employed in the Australian Capital Territory who reside in adjoining areas.



TABLE 3. — CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES : PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE OR GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT : AUSTRALIA  
(Excluding agriculture and private domestic service)  
(’000)

	Males			Females			Persons		
	1973 November	1974 October	1974 November	1973 November	1974 October	1974 November	1973 November	1974 October	1974 November
PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES									
Forestry, fishing and trapping	13.3	13.4	13.4	0.7	1.0	1.0	14.1	14.4	14.4
Mining and quarrying	69.8	73.6	73.9	4.7	5.1	5.1	74.5	78.6	79.0
Coal mining	19.5	20.6	20.7	0.4	0.4	0.4	19.9	21.0	21.1
Other mining and quarrying	50.3	53.0	53.1	4.3	4.7	4.7	54.6	57.6	57.9
Manufacturing — original	1,045.0	1,025.4	1,019.0	384.7	362.7	355.9	1,429.8	1,388.1	1,374.9
<i>seasonally adj. (a)</i>	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,421.7	1,389.3	1,366.8
Cement, bricks, etc.	50.6	48.4	47.8	7.1	6.7	6.6	57.6	55.1	54.4
Products of petroleum and coal	8.3	8.9	8.9	0.5	0.5	0.5	8.8	9.5	9.4
Founding, engineering, metal working	347.7	347.7	346.2	89.6	88.7	86.9	437.3	436.4	433.2
Extracting, refining, founding, etc., (b)									
(i) Ferrous	68.1	68.8	68.9	6.6	7.4	7.2	74.7	76.2	76.2
(ii) Non-ferrous	20.8	21.2	21.1	2.5	2.5	2.4	23.3	23.7	23.5
Metal products	104.4	101.1	100.9	26.6	25.4	25.1	131.1	126.5	126.0
Machinery and parts	103.3	105.5	104.6	20.0	20.4	19.9	123.3	126.0	124.4
Electronic and electrical apparatus and machinery	51.1	51.0	50.7	33.8	33.0	32.4	84.9	84.1	83.1
Ships, vehicles, etc.	177.6	175.6	172.1	27.1	26.5	25.3	204.7	202.0	197.5
Yarns, textiles, etc.	28.4	23.8	23.2	23.1	17.5	16.6	51.5	41.3	39.8
Clothing and knitted goods	17.1	16.0	15.8	73.0	64.9	63.0	90.1	80.9	78.9
Boots, shoes and accessories	8.1	6.5	6.4	9.6	7.4	7.1	17.7	13.9	13.5
Food, drink and tobacco	148.8	144.5	146.1	56.8	56.1	56.1	205.6	200.7	202.2
Sawmilling and wood products	46.1	44.9	44.6	5.3	5.2	5.2	51.4	50.1	49.8
Furniture and fittings, etc.	27.5	26.5	26.7	8.5	7.8	7.8	36.0	34.3	34.5
Paper, printing, bookbinding, photography	82.0	81.1	80.8	34.0	33.2	33.2	115.9	114.3	114.0
Chemicals, dyes, explosives, paints, etc.	45.2	45.4	45.2	17.3	17.2	17.1	62.5	62.7	62.3
Rubber goods	17.1	16.9	16.3	4.3	4.0	3.9	21.4	21.0	20.2
Other manufacturing	40.7	39.0	38.8	28.5	27.0	26.4	69.2	66.0	65.2
Electricity, gas, water and sanitary services	108.6	110.4	110.5	8.7	8.9	8.9	117.2	119.3	119.4
Gas and electricity	67.6	68.6	68.6	6.3	6.4	6.4	73.9	74.9	75.0
Water supply, sewerage, etc.	40.9	41.9	41.9	2.4	2.5	2.5	43.3	44.4	44.4
Building and construction	363.9	365.0	363.4	20.6	20.6	20.3	384.5	385.7	383.7
Transport and storage	225.5	231.0	231.2	30.2	31.5	31.5	255.7	262.5	262.7
Road transport and storage	105.3	106.0	105.8	14.0	14.6	14.6	119.3	120.6	120.4
Shipping and stevedoring	36.1	37.6	37.7	3.0	3.0	3.1	39.2	40.7	40.7
Rail transport	56.3	57.5	57.7	5.9	6.0	6.0	62.2	63.5	63.7
Air transport	27.8	29.9	30.0	7.3	7.9	7.9	35.1	37.8	37.9
Communication	98.7	101.3	101.5	30.1	31.2	31.4	128.8	132.5	132.9
Finance and property	129.5	131.5	131.4	100.5	106.7	106.2	230.1	238.3	237.5
Banking	55.8	57.6	57.6	38.5	43.7	43.6	94.3	101.3	101.2
Other finance and property	73.7	73.9	73.7	62.0	63.0	62.6	135.7	137.0	136.3
Commerce — original	461.4	460.0	462.2	383.8	381.7	383.2	845.1	841.8	845.4
<i>seasonally adj. (a)</i>	..	..	..	..	..	..	835.0	843.3	835.4
Wholesale trade	193.9	194.1	194.3	86.1	87.9	88.0	280.0	282.0	282.4
Primary produce dealing, etc.	24.0	22.2	23.6	6.8	6.5	6.5	30.8	28.7	30.1
Retail trade	243.5	243.7	244.3	290.9	287.4	288.6	534.4	531.1	533.0
Public authority activities (n.e.i.)	149.1	154.8	155.7	74.5	82.0	82.8	223.6	236.8	238.4
Community and business services	279.7	294.8	295.1	475.3	507.5	508.4	755.0	802.3	803.5
Law, order and public safety	45.3	47.1	47.3	29.6	28.1	28.0	74.9	75.2	75.3
Religion and social welfare	20.9	21.1	21.2	23.6	24.1	24.1	44.5	45.2	45.3
Health, hospitals, etc.	53.1	56.8	57.0	223.0	237.3	237.7	276.1	294.1	294.8
Education	109.8	117.2	117.5	149.7	167.7	168.4	259.4	284.9	285.9
Other services	50.7	52.5	52.2	49.4	50.4	50.2	100.0	102.8	102.4
Amusement, hotels, cafes, personal service, etc.	130.9	133.5	134.2	187.7	193.7	195.2	318.6	327.3	329.4
Amusement, sport and recreation	38.3	39.8	39.7	23.4	24.9	25.0	61.7	64.7	64.6
Hotels, personal service, etc.	92.6	93.8	94.5	164.3	168.8	170.2	256.9	262.6	264.7
All industry groups	3,075.5	3,095.0	3,091.5	1,701.5	1,732.6	1,729.8	4,777.0	4,827.6	4,821.3
PRIVATE OR GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT									
Private — original	2,226.8	2,220.8	2,214.0	1,391.7	1,393.0	1,388.1	3,618.5	3,613.9	3,602.1
<i>seasonally adj. (a)</i>	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,599.6	3,619.6	3,583.0
Government (c) — original	848.7	874.2	877.5	309.8	339.6	341.7	1,158.5	1,213.7	1,219.2
<i>seasonally adj. (a)</i>	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,163.7	1,221.5	1,224.7

(a) See note (b) to Table 1. (b) Includes manufacture of metal rods, bars, sheets, pipes, tubes and wire (except electric). (c) Includes industrial as well as administrative employees (see paragraph 6 on page 2).



TABLE 4. — CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES : PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE OR GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT : STATES  
 MALES, NOVEMBER 1974  
 (Excluding agriculture and private domestic service)  
 ('000)

	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	Aust. (a)
PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES							
Forestry, fishing and trapping	3.0	2.4	3.8	0.7	1.5	1.2	13.4
Mining and quarrying	24.8	3.9	16.8	3.1	18.1	4.6	73.9
Manufacturing	378.4	328.5	109.1	110.6	59.2	27.0	1,019.0
Cement, bricks, etc.	19.3	12.5	6.0	4.3	3.9	1.1	47.8
Founding, engineering, etc.	150.8	99.1	28.4	39.8	20.1	6.8	346.2
Ships, vehicles, etc.	50.8	63.2	17.4	28.6	9.1	2.2	172.1
Yarns, textiles, etc.	6.0	13.3	0.7	1.5	0.4	1.3	23.2
Clothing and knitted goods	5.4	8.7	0.7	0.8	0.2	..	15.8
Food, drink and tobacco	44.2	44.7	29.5	13.1	9.4	4.3	146.1
Sawmilling and wood products	14.2	9.7	7.2	5.4	4.0	3.7	44.6
Paper, printing, bookbinding, photography	29.9	26.2	7.6	5.6	4.1	5.7	80.8
Chemicals, dyes, explosives, paints, etc.	21.3	15.9	2.4	2.6	2.2	0.8	45.2
Other manufacturing	36.5	35.1	9.2	9.0	5.8	1.1	97.1
Electricity, gas, water and sanitary services	42.7	32.1	11.3	10.8	8.6	3.6	110.5
Building and construction	127.5	82.2	69.1	32.1	28.4	11.3	363.4
Transport and storage	88.2	59.4	33.9	18.2	20.7	7.4	231.2
Road transport and storage	41.7	27.2	13.9	8.5	9.2	3.6	105.8
Shipping and stevedoring	14.0	9.9	5.0	2.8	3.8	1.9	37.7
Rail and air transport	32.5	22.2	15.0	7.0	7.8	1.9	87.7
Communication	35.8	28.5	15.2	9.0	8.2	2.9	101.5
Finance and property	50.6	37.5	17.4	11.1	9.6	3.3	131.4
Banking	21.5	17.0	7.3	5.1	4.4	1.5	57.6
Other	29.1	20.5	10.1	5.9	5.3	1.8	73.7
Commerce	168.7	126.5	68.6	42.8	37.1	12.5	462.2
Wholesale and other commerce	78.8	60.1	31.4	20.3	19.3	5.8	217.9
Retail trade	89.9	66.4	37.2	22.6	17.8	6.7	244.3
Public authority activities (n.e.i.)	48.1	35.5	22.1	11.3	13.0	4.9	155.7
Community and business services	101.4	80.3	41.9	26.9	24.3	8.7	295.1
Health, hospitals, etc.	20.0	14.8	8.5	5.5	5.3	1.8	57.0
Education	37.4	35.0	16.0	11.5	9.1	3.5	117.5
Other (b)	44.0	30.5	17.4	9.9	9.9	3.4	120.6
Amusement, hotels, cafes, personal service, etc.	56.6	33.7	16.6	9.3	10.4	4.6	134.2
All industry groups	1,125.9	850.5	425.7	286.0	239.3	91.9	3,091.5
PRIVATE OR GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT							
Private	824.0	630.2	298.8	201.0	162.5	64.8	2,214.0
Government (c)	301.9	220.3	126.9	85.0	76.8	27.1	877.5
Australian	86.6	72.3	28.6	24.1	16.3	5.7	272.6
State (d)	167.3	129.5	78.9	56.2	53.8	18.9	504.6
Local (e)	48.0	18.5	19.5	4.7	6.7	2.6	100.2

(a) Includes the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory. (b) Comprises law, order and public safety; religion and social welfare; and other community and business services. (c) Includes industrial as well as administrative employees (see paragraph 6 on page 2). (d) See footnote (d), page 8. (e) See footnote (e), page 8.



TABLE 4. — CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES : PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE OR GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT :  
STATES — *continued*  
FEMALES, NOVEMBER 1974  
(Excluding agriculture and private domestic service)  
(<sup>000</sup>)

	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	Aust. (a)
PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES							
Forestry, fishing and trapping	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.0
Mining and quarrying	1.0	0.6	1.1	0.2	1.6	0.3	5.1
Manufacturing	135.8	138.8	27.8	32.6	13.9	5.5	355.9
Cement, bricks, etc.	2.9	2.2	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.1	6.6
Founding, engineering, etc.	40.1	28.5	4.6	9.8	2.9	0.8	86.9
Ships, vehicles, etc.	6.9	11.4	1.8	4.1	0.8	0.2	25.3
Yarns, textiles, etc.	4.5	8.8	0.8	1.0	0.2	1.3	16.7
Clothing and knitted goods	22.6	32.1	3.9	3.0	1.3	0.2	63.0
Food, drink and tobacco	17.2	18.6	8.2	6.3	4.2	1.5	56.1
Sawmilling and wood products	1.6	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.3	0.2	5.2
Paper, printing, bookbinding, photography	12.7	11.1	3.4	2.4	1.8	1.0	33.2
Chemicals, dyes, explosives, paints, etc.	9.8	5.4	0.7	0.7	0.4	..	17.1
Other manufacturing	17.3	19.4	2.9	4.0	1.6	0.3	45.7
Electricity, gas, water and sanitary services	3.6	2.7	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.3	8.9
Building and construction	7.9	4.9	3.3	1.5	1.7	0.3	20.3
Transport and storage	13.3	8.0	4.4	2.5	2.0	0.6	31.5
Road transport and storage	6.1	3.9	2.0	1.1	0.9	0.4	14.6
Shipping and stevedoring	1.3	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.1	3.1
Rail and air transport	6.0	3.5	1.9	1.2	0.8	0.2	13.8
Communication	11.4	8.5	4.6	2.7	2.6	0.9	31.4
Finance and property	43.1	27.9	14.7	8.3	8.0	2.4	106.2
Banking	18.0	10.9	6.1	3.2	3.5	1.1	43.6
Other	25.1	17.0	8.6	5.1	4.5	1.3	62.6
Commerce	145.2	100.6	53.4	36.0	32.8	9.2	383.2
Wholesale and other commerce	37.8	26.9	12.1	7.6	8.0	1.6	94.5
Retail trade	107.4	73.7	41.3	28.4	24.8	7.7	288.6
Public authority activities (n.e.i.)	26.8	17.7	10.0	6.1	6.0	2.4	82.8
Community and business services	176.9	136.5	65.7	54.2	46.4	14.8	508.4
Health, hospitals, etc.	84.6	60.8	30.6	27.0	22.9	7.6	237.7
Education	53.9	47.1	20.3	19.8	15.5	4.9	168.4
Other (b)	38.4	28.6	14.9	7.3	8.0	2.3	102.3
Amusement, hotels, cafes, personal service, etc.	69.6	45.3	32.3	17.8	18.8	7.4	195.2
<b>All industry groups</b>	<b>634.7</b>	<b>491.6</b>	<b>218.3</b>	<b>162.5</b>	<b>134.7</b>	<b>44.3</b>	<b>1,729.8</b>
PRIVATE OR GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT							
Private	519.1	412.2	177.8	121.5	104.6	34.3	1,388.1
Government (c)	115.6	79.4	40.5	41.0	30.1	10.0	341.7
Australian	33.3	25.2	11.0	7.2	6.3	2.0	109.9
State (d)	75.3	50.0	27.5	32.8	22.5	7.6	215.8
Local (e)	7.0	4.3	2.0	1.0	1.3	0.4	16.0

(a) Includes the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory. (b) Comprises law, order and public safety; religion and social welfare; and community and business services. (c) Includes industrial as well as administrative employees (see paragraph 6 on page 2). (d) See footnote (d), page 8. (e) See footnote (e), page 8.



TABLE 4. — CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES : PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE OR GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT :  
STATES — *continued*  
PERSONS, NOVEMBER 1974  
(Excluding agriculture and private domestic service)  
(<sup>0</sup>000)

	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	Aust. (a)
PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES							
Forestry, fishing and trapping	3.2	2.7	3.8	0.8	1.7	1.3	14.4
Mining and quarrying	25.9	4.5	18.0	3.3	19.7	5.0	79.0
Manufacturing	514.2	467.2	136.9	143.1	73.1	32.5	1,374.9
Cement, bricks, etc.	22.2	14.7	6.5	4.8	4.3	1.2	54.4
Founding, engineering, etc.	191.0	127.7	33.0	49.6	23.0	7.6	433.2
Ships, vehicles, etc.	57.7	74.5	19.3	32.7	9.9	2.3	197.5
Yarns, textiles, etc.	10.5	22.0	1.5	2.5	0.7	2.6	39.8
Clothing and knitted goods	28.0	40.9	4.5	3.8	1.4	0.2	78.9
Food, drink and tobacco	61.4	63.3	37.7	19.4	13.5	5.8	202.2
Sawmilling and wood products	15.9	10.9	8.3	6.1	4.3	3.9	49.8
Paper, printing, bookbinding, photography	42.6	37.3	11.0	8.1	5.9	6.7	114.0
Chemicals, dyes, explosives, paints, etc.	31.1	21.3	3.0	3.3	2.7	0.8	62.3
Other manufacturing	53.8	54.5	12.1	13.0	7.4	1.4	142.9
Electricity, gas, water and sanitary services	46.4	34.8	12.3	11.5	9.2	3.9	119.4
Building and construction	135.4	87.1	72.4	33.6	30.1	11.5	383.7
Transport and storage	101.5	67.4	38.3	20.7	22.8	8.0	262.7
Road transport and storage	47.8	31.1	15.9	9.6	10.1	3.9	120.4
Shipping and stevedoring	15.3	10.6	5.5	3.0	4.0	1.9	40.7
Rail and air transport	38.5	25.7	16.9	8.1	8.6	2.1	101.6
Communication	47.2	37.0	19.8	11.7	10.8	3.9	132.9
Finance and property	93.7	65.4	32.1	19.3	17.6	5.7	237.5
Banking	39.5	27.9	13.4	8.3	7.9	2.6	101.2
Other	54.2	37.5	18.7	11.0	9.8	3.1	136.3
Commerce	313.8	227.1	122.0	78.8	70.0	21.7	845.4
Wholesale and other commerce	116.6	86.9	43.5	27.8	27.4	7.4	312.4
Retail trade	197.3	140.1	78.5	51.0	42.6	14.3	533.0
Public authority activities (n.e.i.)	74.8	53.2	32.1	17.4	19.1	7.3	238.4
Community and business services	278.3	216.7	107.6	81.1	70.8	23.5	803.5
Health, hospitals, etc.	104.6	75.6	39.1	32.5	28.2	9.4	294.8
Education	91.3	82.1	36.3	31.4	24.6	8.4	285.9
Other (b)	82.4	59.0	32.3	17.3	17.9	5.7	222.9
Amusement, hotels, cafes, personal service, etc.	126.2	79.0	48.9	27.1	29.2	12.0	329.4
<b>All industry groups</b>	<b>1,760.6</b>	<b>1,342.1</b>	<b>644.0</b>	<b>448.5</b>	<b>374.0</b>	<b>136.2</b>	<b>4,821.3</b>
PRIVATE OR GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT							
Private	1,343.1	1,042.4	476.6	322.5	267.1	99.2	3,602.1
Government (c)	417.5	299.7	167.4	126.0	106.9	37.0	1,219.2
Australian	119.8	97.4	39.5	31.3	22.6	7.6	382.6
State (d)	242.6	179.6	106.4	89.0	76.3	26.4	720.4
Local (e)	55.1	22.8	21.5	5.7	8.0	3.0	116.2

(a) Includes the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory. (b) Comprises law, order and public safety; religion and social welfare; and other community and business services. (c) Includes industrial as well as administrative employees (see paragraph 6 on page 2). (d) Excludes employees engaged in agriculture (2.9 thousand persons in June 1974). (e) Excludes employees in private homes of Government emergency housekeeper services, and in agriculture (together comprising 1.9 thousand persons in June 1974).



TABLE 5. — CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES : PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE OR GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT:  
NORTHERN TERRITORY  
(Excluding agriculture and private domestic service)  
(’000)

Month	Mining and quarrying	Manu- facturing	Building and const- ruction	Trans- port and storage	Commerce	Public authority activities (n.e.i.)	Comm- unity and business services	Other industries	Total	Private	Govern- ment (a)
MALES											
1974 —											
August	2.4	1.7	4.4	1.9	1.5	3.1	4.7	3.3	23.0	13.0	10.0
September	2.4	1.7	4.6	1.9	1.5	3.1	4.7	3.4	23.3	13.3	10.0
October	2.4	1.7	4.6	1.9	1.4	3.1	4.8	3.3	23.3	13.4	9.9
November	2.4	1.7	4.6	2.0	1.5	3.2	4.7	3.3	23.4	13.5	9.9
FEMALES											
1974 —											
August	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.4	2.0	2.2	4.9	2.5	12.8	7.0	5.8
September	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.4	2.0	2.2	4.9	2.5	12.9	7.1	5.8
October	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.5	2.0	2.2	4.9	2.5	12.9	7.1	5.8
November	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.4	2.0	2.2	5.0	2.5	13.0	7.0	6.0

PERSONS											
1974 —											
August	2.5	2.1	4.7	2.3	3.4	5.3	9.6	5.9	35.8	20.0	15.8
September	2.5	2.1	4.8	2.4	3.4	5.3	9.7	6.0	36.2	20.5	15.7
October	2.6	2.1	4.9	2.4	3.4	5.3	9.7	5.9	36.2	20.5	15.7
November	2.6	2.1	4.9	2.4	3.4	5.4	9.8	5.8	36.4	20.5	(b) 15.9

(a) Includes industrial as well as administrative employees (see paragraph 6 on page 2). (b) Includes 0.3 thousand local government employees (mainly males) the remainder being employees of Australian government bodies.

TABLE 6. — CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES : PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE OR GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT:  
AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY (a)  
(Excluding agriculture and private domestic service)  
(’000)

Month	Manu- facturing	Building and construction	Commerce	Public authority activities (n.e.i.)	Community and business services	Amusement, hotels, cafes, personal service, etc.	Other industries	Total	Private	Govern- ment (b)
MALES										
1974 —										
August	4.7	8.0	4.5	17.0	6.7	2.1	4.7	47.9	19.4	28.5
September	4.6	8.0	4.6	17.0	6.8	2.0	4.6	47.7	19.1	28.6
October	4.5	8.0	4.5	17.3	6.9	2.0	4.7	48.0	19.0	29.0
November	4.6	8.2	4.5	17.7	6.9	2.1	4.8	48.7	19.2	29.5
FEMALES										
1974 —										
August	1.2	0.5	4.1	11.2	8.8	2.5	2.2	30.4	11.6	18.8
September	1.2	0.5	4.1	11.2	8.9	2.5	2.0	30.4	11.6	18.8
October	1.2	0.4	4.1	11.3	8.8	2.4	2.0	30.3	11.4	18.9
November	1.2	0.4	4.2	11.5	8.9	2.5	2.1	30.8	11.7	19.1
PERSONS										
1974 —										
August	5.9	8.5	8.7	28.2	15.5	4.7	6.8	78.3	30.9	47.4
September	5.8	8.5	8.7	28.2	15.7	4.5	6.8	78.1	30.7	47.4
October	5.7	8.5	8.6	28.6	15.7	4.4	6.8	78.3	30.3	48.0
November	5.8	8.7	8.7	29.1	15.7	4.6	6.8	79.5	30.9	48.6

(a) Includes persons employed in the Australian Capital Territory who reside in adjoining areas. (b) Includes industrial as well as administrative employees (see paragraph 6 on page 2).



## 2. — JOB VACANCIES

TABLE 7. — VACANCIES REGISTERED WITH THE COMMONWEALTH EMPLOYMENT SERVICE (a)  
(Source : Department of Labor and Immigration)

Month (a)	N.S.W. (b)	Vic.	Qld	S.A. (c)	W.A.	Tas.	Australia	
							Original	Seasonally adjusted (d)
VACANCIES FOR MALES								
1972 —								
December	10,802	7,159	2,114	2,756	1,735	1,101	25,667	20,378
1973 —								
December	21,204	14,809	4,407	4,500	3,442	1,313	49,675	39,478
1974 —								
January	23,293	20,375	4,355	4,784	3,547	1,080	57,434	42,564
February	23,399	18,783	5,147	5,426	3,988	1,234	57,977	51,789
March	21,218	18,488	5,326	5,420	4,255	1,127	55,834	57,124
April	19,007	17,338	4,960	4,756	3,773	1,040	50,874	56,792
May	16,537	15,911	5,237	4,120	3,255	943	46,003	55,363
June	13,617	14,260	3,983	3,689	2,397	804	38,750	49,432
July	12,382	10,921	2,411	2,944	1,786	761	31,205	39,375
August	10,594	8,599	2,042	2,968	1,714	680	26,597	31,815
September	10,012	8,151	1,979	3,039	1,703	853	25,737	27,549
October	10,173	7,792	1,770	2,715	1,820	837	25,107	23,647
November	12,871	6,937	1,580	2,179	2,024	976	26,567	22,902
December	13,115	7,161	1,410	(e)2,220	1,884	982	(e)26,772	(e)21,288
VACANCIES FOR FEMALES								
1972 —								
December	5,964	7,567	1,394	1,434	904	474	17,737	15,748
1973 —								
December	12,000	10,551	2,822	2,171	1,258	644	29,446	26,258
1974 —								
January	13,818	11,831	3,020	2,260	1,600	568	33,097	28,151
February	13,806	12,083	2,900	2,915	1,664	498	33,866	32,438
March	13,204	11,992	2,624	2,155	1,245	498	31,718	35,072
April	12,596	11,323	2,848	2,018	1,198	401	30,384	35,078
May	11,116	11,149	2,698	1,488	1,071	342	27,864	32,141
June	9,543	9,301	2,197	1,210	905	274	23,430	28,455
July	8,148	7,159	1,902	1,071	742	296	19,318	22,130
August	7,387	5,814	1,751	1,102	745	253	17,052	17,157
September	6,813	5,056	1,626	996	765	260	15,516	14,479
October	7,026	4,337	1,514	945	827	280	14,929	12,874
November	6,997	3,633	1,355	818	770	274	13,847	12,578
December	6,727	3,760	1,198	(e)601	802	445	(e)13,533	(e)12,094
TOTAL VACANCIES								
1972 —								
December	16,766	14,726	3,508	4,190	2,639	1,575	43,404	36,949
1973 —								
December	33,204	25,360	7,229	6,671	4,700	1,957	79,121	67,745
1974 —								
January	37,111	32,206	7,375	7,044	5,147	1,648	90,531	70,932
February	37,205	30,866	8,047	8,341	5,652	1,732	91,843	84,311
March	34,422	30,480	7,950	7,575	5,500	1,625	87,552	92,212
April	31,603	28,661	7,808	6,774	4,971	1,441	81,258	91,263
May	27,653	27,060	7,935	5,608	4,326	1,285	73,867	87,050
June	23,160	23,561	6,180	4,899	3,302	1,078	62,180	77,385
July	20,530	18,080	4,313	4,015	2,528	1,057	50,523	60,925
August	17,981	14,413	3,793	4,070	2,459	933	43,649	48,186
September	16,825	13,207	3,605	4,035	2,468	1,113	41,253	41,202
October	17,199	12,129	3,284	3,660	2,647	1,117	40,036	36,236
November	19,868	10,570	2,935	2,997	2,794	1,250	40,414	35,610
December	19,842	10,921	2,608	(e)2,821	2,686	1,427	(e)40,305	(e)34,610

(a) Vacancies notified to the C.E.S. which were still unfilled at the Friday nearest the end of the month and which employers claimed could be filled if labour were supplied immediately or within the following month. Vacancies for full-time, part-time, permanent, temporary, and seasonal positions are included. (b) Includes the Australian Capital Territory. (c) Includes the Northern Territory. (d) The methods used in seasonally adjusting these statistics are explained in *Seasonally Adjusted Indicators 1974* (Reference No. 1.10). (e) Northern Territory estimated. During December 1974 the cyclone in Darwin caused some minor loss of records.



### 3. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS

The tables in this section contain (a) estimates of the total number of persons unemployed, derived from the quarterly population survey, (b) the numbers registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service as unemployed, and (c) the number in receipt of unemployment benefit.

#### TOTAL UNEMPLOYED PERSONS : POPULATION SURVEY ESTIMATES

2. The quarterly population survey is carried out on a sample basis throughout Australia in February, May, August and November each year. Interviews are conducted during a period of four weeks in the State capital cities and two weeks in other areas. Particulars of the numbers of persons employed or unemployed, and of the total labour force, are published each quarter in a mimeographed bulletin *The Labour Force* (Reference No. 6.20).

3. For purposes of the survey, unemployed persons are defined as all those who, during the whole of the week prior to the interview week, did no work at all and either :

- (a) did not have a job or business and were actively looking for work (including those who stated that they would have looked for work if they had not been temporarily ill or believed no work was available or had not already made definite arrangements to start work in a new job after survey week), or
- (b) had a job from which they were temporarily laid off without pay for the whole week.

4. Unemployed persons therefore comprise those looking for full-time work, those looking for part-time work and those temporarily laid off from either full-time or part-time jobs. This definition of unemployed persons conforms closely to that recommended by the Eighth International Conference of Labour Statisticians, Geneva, 1954.

5. Since the estimates are based on a sample, they may differ from the figures that would have been obtained from a complete census using the same questionnaires and procedures. There are about two chances in three that the differences would be less than 2,500 for total unemployed males, less than 2,500 for total unemployed females and less than 3,000 for total unemployed persons, and about nineteen chances in twenty that they would be less than twice these figures. Further details about the survey and the reliability of estimates will be found in the quarterly bulletin *The Labour Force* (Reference No. 6.20).

6. The sample estimates will differ from the number of persons registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service (see Table 9) as not employed, awaiting placement in full-time employment, for a number of reasons, including the following :

- (a) the survey estimates include persons looking for part-time work as well as those looking for full-time work,
- (b) they exclude persons who did any work at all during the survey week, even though they may subsequently have become unemployed and registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service, or have done so little work as not to lose eligibility for unemployment benefit,
- (c) they represent averages over a period (see paragraph 2), whereas the numbers registered refer to a particular day,
- (d) they are subject to sampling variability (see paragraph 5),
- (e) they include some unemployed persons (particularly females) who do not register with the Commonwealth Employment Service, and
- (f) they exclude any persons registered as unemployed who find jobs but do not notify the Commonwealth Employment Service at once that they have done so.



TABLE 8. — UNEMPLOYED PERSONS (a)

Month	Looking for		Total		Age (years)		Per cent of labour force (b)	
	Full-time work ('000)	Part-time work ('000)	Original ('000)	Seasonally adjusted (c) ('000)	15-19 ('000)	20 and over ('000)	Original	Seasonally adjusted (c)
MALES								
1971 —								
November	53.1	*	57.0	56.1	22.2	34.8	1.5	1.5
1972 —								
November	63.0	7.7	70.7	67.0	29.2	41.6	1.9	1.8
1973 —								
February	61.9	6.0	67.9	60.6	23.1	44.8	1.8	1.6
May	45.1	5.6	50.7	53.1	14.5	36.2	1.3	1.4
August	35.6	5.4	41.0	49.0	12.0	29.1	1.1	1.3
November	48.1	6.2	54.3	50.6	26.7	27.6	1.4	1.3
1974 —								
February	51.3	5.3	56.7	50.4	18.7	37.9	1.5	1.3
May	41.0	4.3	45.3	47.1	10.3	35.0	1.2	1.2
August	56.6	4.5	61.1	72.1	15.2	45.9	1.6	1.9
November (d)	102.7	11.1	113.8	112.5	44.9	68.9	2.9	2.9
FEMALES								
1971 —								
November	31.7	11.0	42.7	44.2	17.8	24.8	2.4	2.5
1972 —								
November	42.7	22.8	65.5	66.9	29.2	36.3	3.4	3.6
1973 —								
February	50.3	25.4	75.6	60.7	24.4	51.3	4.0	3.2
May	33.1	16.3	49.5	52.5	16.3	33.2	2.6	2.8
August	24.9	15.7	40.6	49.1	13.2	27.5	2.1	2.6
November	33.7	17.6	51.3	50.9	24.7	26.6	2.6	2.6
1974 —								
February	42.1	21.5	63.7	51.1	23.2	40.5	3.2	2.6
May	30.8	19.2	50.0	54.7	18.0	31.9	2.5	2.7
August	37.6	17.0	54.6	66.5	18.3	36.4	2.8	3.3
November (d)	62.3	20.2	82.5	87.3	37.4	45.1	4.1	4.4
PERSONS								
1971 —								
November	84.8	14.9	99.7	101.4	40.1	59.6	1.8	1.8
1972 —								
November	105.8	30.5	136.3	134.5	58.4	77.8	2.4	2.4
1973 —								
February	112.2	31.4	143.5	121.0	47.5	96.1	2.5	2.1
May	78.3	21.9	100.2	104.3	30.8	69.4	1.8	1.8
August	60.5	21.1	81.6	99.4	25.1	56.5	1.4	1.7
November	81.8	23.8	105.6	101.8	51.4	54.2	1.8	1.8
1974 —								
February	93.5	26.9	120.4	101.3	41.9	78.4	2.0	1.7
May	71.8	23.5	95.3	101.2	28.3	67.0	1.6	1.7
August	94.2	21.5	115.7	140.6	33.4	82.3	2.0	2.4
November (d)	165.0	31.3	196.3	200.9	82.3	114.0	3.3	3.4

(a) Aged 15 years and over. For definition, see page 11. (b) The unemployed as a percentage of the civilian labour force. (c) The method of seasonally adjusting estimates for unemployed males, females and persons has been changed. The new method is to adjust estimates for unemployed persons aged 15 to 19 years looking for their first job and estimates for the remainder of unemployed persons separately and to add the two figures to obtain total estimates for unemployed persons. Estimates for unemployed males and females are treated similarly. (d) Preliminary estimates, subject to revision.

\* Estimates less than 4,000 are not published, because they would be subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes. Although figures for these small components can be derived, they should not be regarded as reliable.



TABLE 9. — REGISTERED UNEMPLOYED (a) (b)  
(Source : Department of Labor and Immigration)

Month (a)	N.S.W.(c)	Vic.	Qld	S.A.(d)	W.A.	Tas.	Australia			
							Excluding school leavers		Total	
							Seasonally adjusted (e)		Seasonally adjusted (e)	
							Original		Original	
MALES										
1972 — December (b)	<u>33,480</u>	<u>23,988</u>	<u>11,718</u>	<u>11,242</u>	<u>8,582</u>	<u>3,349</u>	<u>59,509</u>	<u>57,488</u>	<u>92,359</u>	<u>66,277</u>
1973 — December	23,855	18,177	8,664	7,633	5,576	2,560	46,958	45,458	66,465	51,027
1974 — January	25,764	19,627	16,386	8,034	7,171	2,827	63,790	50,999	79,809	56,029
February	19,594	14,398	12,434	6,598	5,120	2,237	52,762	48,016	60,381	52,543
March	16,807	12,099	9,312	5,299	4,534	1,759	45,889	47,589	49,810	52,328
April	16,328	12,009	7,312	4,892	3,915	1,586	43,551	45,392	46,042	50,337
May	17,851	12,700	5,660	5,827	4,029	1,715	45,978	45,582	47,782	51,026
June	17,412	12,817	5,304	4,902	5,075	1,968	46,058	44,018	47,478	49,974
July	19,773	15,161	7,901	6,231	6,584	2,454	56,697	55,519	58,104	62,842
August	23,101	17,870	10,706	6,932	7,688	2,732	67,557	69,434	69,029	77,505
September	27,566	20,331	11,821	6,955	7,723	2,957	75,797	81,979	77,353	90,684
October	35,205	24,287	15,038	8,143	8,344	3,098	92,239	108,515	94,115	119,859
November	47,957	29,639	19,076	9,780	9,154	2,638	108,152	124,391	118,244	132,486
December	64,176	43,878	28,535	(f)14,208	14,334	4,089	(f)143,437	(f)139,105	(f)169,220	(f)146,473
FEMALES										
1972 — December (b)	<u>16,717</u>	<u>12,179</u>	<u>4,771</u>	<u>5,552</u>	<u>2,887</u>	<u>2,304</u>	<u>23,519</u>	<u>27,783</u>	<u>44,410</u>	<u>33,930</u>
1973 — December	13,739	9,976	4,376	3,801	2,467	1,911	22,900	26,874	36,270	31,388
1974 — January	14,867	11,344	5,840	4,285	2,982	1,955	28,826	27,871	41,273	32,245
February	13,083	9,614	5,849	3,985	2,935	1,790	29,700	27,103	37,256	31,383
March	11,566	8,357	5,071	3,263	2,993	1,502	28,233	25,882	32,752	30,455
April	11,247	7,934	4,395	3,118	2,678	1,451	27,484	25,553	30,823	30,558
May	11,086	7,925	4,019	2,982	2,537	1,408	27,450	25,563	29,957	31,006
June	11,545	8,441	4,233	3,081	2,707	1,342	29,361	27,120	31,349	32,864
July	12,373	9,950	4,836	3,410	3,168	1,744	33,723	32,606	35,481	39,062
August	13,180	10,906	5,095	3,515	3,630	1,785	36,496	38,374	38,111	45,062
September	15,142	13,080	5,963	3,858	3,583	1,980	41,914	45,995	43,606	53,236
October	19,248	17,717	7,561	4,795	4,182	2,083	53,784	61,099	55,586	69,569
November	28,272	22,704	8,764	5,641	5,214	2,170	64,981	71,580	72,765	79,201
December	36,087	31,139	12,400	(f)7,605	7,296	3,251	(f)76,937	(f)90,073	(f)97,778	(f)97,105
PERSONS										
1972 — December (b)	<u>50,197</u>	<u>36,167</u>	<u>16,489</u>	<u>16,794</u>	<u>11,469</u>	<u>5,653</u>	<u>83,028</u>	<u>85,555</u>	<u>136,769</u>	<u>100,525</u>
1973 — December	37,594	28,153	13,040	11,434	8,043	4,471	69,858	71,805	102,735	81,926
1974 — January	40,631	30,971	22,226	12,319	10,153	4,782	92,616	78,671	121,082	88,078
February	32,677	24,012	18,283	10,583	8,055	4,027	82,462	74,880	97,637	83,686
March	28,373	20,456	14,383	8,562	7,527	3,261	74,122	73,361	82,562	82,745
April	27,575	19,943	11,707	8,010	6,593	3,037	71,035	71,140	76,865	81,175
May	28,937	20,625	9,679	8,809	6,566	3,123	73,428	71,276	77,739	82,252
June	28,957	21,258	9,537	7,983	7,782	3,310	75,419	71,298	78,827	83,067
July	32,146	25,111	12,737	9,641	9,752	4,198	90,420	88,152	93,585	101,933
August	36,281	28,776	15,801	10,447	11,318	4,517	104,053	108,844	107,140	123,611
September	42,708	33,411	17,784	10,813	11,306	4,937	117,711	127,780	120,959	143,738
October	54,453	42,004	22,599	12,938	12,526	5,181	146,023	169,542	149,701	189,246
November	76,229	52,343	27,840	15,421	14,368	4,808	173,133	195,996	191,009	211,626
December	100,263	75,017	40,935	(f)21,813	21,630	7,340	(f)220,374	(f)226,450	(f)266,998	(f)240,804

(a) Comprises all persons who were still registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service (C.E.S.) at the Friday nearest the end of the month, who claimed when registering that they were not employed, and who were seeking full-time employment, i.e. 35 hours or more per week. They include persons referred to employers but whose employment was still unconfirmed, and persons who had recently obtained employment without notifying the C.E.S., all recipients of unemployment benefit are included. (See Table 10). (b) Prior to July 1973, school leavers comprised all persons under the age of 21 who, at the time of registering with the C.E.S., (i) had ceased full-time primary or secondary education within the previous three months; or (ii) were still at school but notified the C.E.S. that they would leave school before the end of the school year if a full-time job were available. As from July 1973 (August for N.S.W.) school leavers comprise all persons under the age of 21 who, at the time of registering with the C.E.S. had ceased full-time primary or secondary education within the previous six months. (c) Includes the Australian Capital Territory. (d) Includes the Northern Territory. (e) See note (d) to Table 7. (f) Northern Territory Estimated. During December 1974 the cyclone in Darwin caused some minor loss of records.



TABLE 10. — PERSONS RECEIVING UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (a)  
(Source : Department of Social Security)

Month (a)	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Australia	
									Original	Seasonally adjusted (b)
MALES										
1972 —										
December	9,510	9,347	5,172	4,388	4,746	1,458	46	86	34,753	25,874
1973 —										
December	8,723	7,720	3,164	3,054	2,506	1,225	57	62	26,511	19,969
1974 —										
January	9,948	8,069	5,690	2,703	2,792	1,575	140	52	30,969	23,782
February	7,476	5,758	5,236	2,084	1,913	1,433	100	48	24,048	22,460
March	6,802	5,311	3,869	1,601	1,523	840	87	34	20,067	22,244
April	7,083	5,916	3,243	1,626	1,568	873	47	37	20,393	21,177
May	6,556	5,834	2,264	2,042	1,496	886	27	33	19,138	19,715
June	7,313	5,760	2,093	1,752	2,077	1,034	33	18	20,080	19,336
July	8,282	6,829	2,757	2,232	3,056	1,454	39	21	24,670	23,879
August	9,821	9,082	4,215	2,657	3,908	1,675	38	35	31,431	32,997
September	12,100	11,116	5,401	3,218	3,962	2,005	59	44	37,905	43,019
October	17,351	13,237	6,478	3,836	4,397	1,955	38	55	47,347	61,720
November	21,395	16,622	9,275	4,494	4,717	1,491	65	131	58,190	72,819
December	32,615	28,037	17,292	9,567	7,276	2,527	(c)	305	(c)97,619	(c)73,965
FEMALES										
1972 —										
December	4,510	3,194	1,531	1,753	1,057	756	6	38	12,845	11,691
1973 —										
December	5,732	3,415	1,350	1,415	972	804	2	31	13,721	12,535
1974 —										
January	5,810	4,223	1,983	1,552	1,139	1,131	2	38	15,878	13,127
February	5,197	3,527	2,062	1,419	931	1,105	8	18	14,267	12,743
March	4,776	3,134	1,796	1,097	913	790	11	16	12,533	11,797
April	5,030	3,194	1,792	1,148	900	875	5	12	12,956	11,797
May	4,329	3,066	1,489	998	796	769	1	12	11,460	11,021
June	4,636	3,001	1,510	1,077	952	735	11	7	11,929	11,197
July	4,652	3,380	1,696	1,167	1,150	871	4	9	12,929	12,831
August	5,058	3,925	1,894	1,304	1,416	940	4	27	14,568	16,238
September	5,699	4,824	2,243	1,707	1,410	1,134	6	17	17,040	20,879
October	7,291	6,081	2,630	1,966	1,822	1,211	16	30	21,047	28,274
November	10,397	7,892	3,391	2,278	2,359	1,159	13	56	27,545	32,628
December	15,065	13,617	5,472	3,986	3,172	1,683	(c)	158	(c)43,153	(c)39,497
PERSONS										
1972 —										
December	14,020	12,541	6,703	6,141	5,803	2,214	52	124	47,598	36,629
1973 —										
December	14,455	11,135	4,514	4,469	3,478	2,029	59	93	40,232	31,157
1974 —										
January	15,758	12,292	7,673	4,255	3,931	2,706	142	90	46,847	36,855
February	12,673	9,285	7,298	3,503	2,844	2,538	108	66	38,315	35,320
March	11,578	8,445	5,665	2,698	2,436	1,630	98	50	32,600	34,526
April	12,113	9,110	5,035	2,774	2,468	1,748	52	49	33,349	33,354
May	10,885	8,900	3,753	3,040	2,292	1,655	28	45	30,598	31,025
June	11,949	8,761	3,603	2,829	3,029	1,769	44	25	32,009	30,692
July	12,934	10,209	4,453	3,399	4,206	2,325	43	30	37,599	36,787
August	14,879	13,007	6,109	3,961	5,324	2,615	42	62	45,999	49,335
September	17,799	15,940	7,644	4,925	5,372	3,139	65	61	54,945	63,887
October	24,642	19,318	9,108	5,802	6,219	3,166	54	85	68,394	90,164
November	31,792	24,514	12,666	6,772	7,076	2,650	78	187	85,735	105,806
December	47,680	41,654	22,764	13,553	10,448	4,210	(c)	463	(c)140,772	(c)109,366

(a) Number on benefit at Saturday nearest the end of the month. State and Territory classification is based on location of office from which payment of benefit is made. (b) The methods used in seasonally adjusting these statistics are explained in *Seasonally Adjusted Indicators 1974* (Reference No. 1.10). (c) No benefits were paid by the Department of Social Security office in Darwin. A small number of benefits were paid by the Alice Springs office but no information is available.

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NOTE. Inquiries concerning these statistics may be made in Canberra by telephoning Mr A.N. Gray on 63 9111 extension 2350 or, in each State capital, by telephoning the office of the Australian Bureau of Statistics.